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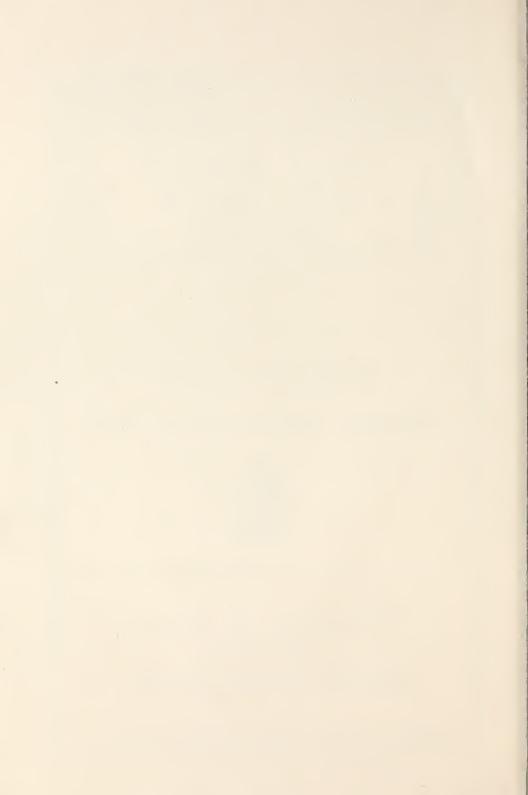
TREE, SHRUB AND FRUIT SEEDS

PRICE LIST

Autumn 1923 = Spring 1924



Thomas J. Lane
SEEDSMAN
Dresher, Penna., U. S. A.



Conditions and Terms

All offers and acceptances of orders are subject to my receiving the full quantity for which I have placed orders with my growers and collectors. Failing to get these amounts, I reserve the right to reduce proportionately all orders that have been booked; or fill orders in rotation received while supply lasts.

I give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants I send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms they are at once to be returned.

ALL CLAIMS MUST BE MADE UPON RECEIPT OF GOODS.

AFTER GOODS ARE PLACED ON BOARD CARS HERE, I ASSUME NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR SAFE DELIVERY OR ANY INJURY CAUSED BY DELAY IN DELIVERY BY THE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

SACKS AND BOX AND PACKING CHARGED ADDITIONALLY.

Not less than one-half pound will be supplied at pound rates nor one-quarter bushel at bushel rates.

When seeds are to go by mail, postage is charged at Parcel Post rates in U. S. A. Consult your postmaster as to your zone and allow charges accordingly. Foreign countries 12c. per pound for postage.

SATISFACTORY ARRANGEMENTS FOR PAYMENT MUST ACCOMPANY ORDERS FROM UNKNOWN CORRESPONDENTS.

All P. O. orders payable at Dresher, Pa., U. S. A.

Terms-Net Cash.

SPECIAL PRICES WILL BE QUOTED ON LARGE QUANTITIES.
Cable Address "LANE AMBLER" A. B. C. Code 4th and 5th Edition.

All orders will receive my best attention. Packing for shipment will receive special care and seeds will be packed in a manner that will permit their reaching destination in perfect order.

Thomas J. Lane SEEDSMAN Drashar Drashar

September 1st, 1923.

General Information and Suggestions For Planting

Seeds to germinate must have the proper conditions of heat and moisture. These conditions vary greatly with different seeds. Experience and close attention are necessary to successful propagation and the propagator must be a close observer of the wants and habits of trees and plants and be able to gather knowledge from what he may see. Owing to certain conditions of moisture, temperature and time which they do not always meet with after sowing, seeds sometimes fail to appear the first season. Examine them at close of Spring, and if found sound do not disturb them, and their germination may be looked for the season following.

Seeds of deciduous trees and shrubs are best sown in the Fall, pines and similar evergreens in Spring, but deciduous ones will grow very well sown in Spring if kept in good condition through the Winter. When sown in Spring seeds of a hard, bony nature, such as the yellow locust, are best soaked in hot water for a day or two and then sown at once. Seeds of maples, ash, magnolia, beech, all nut trees, as well as many other kinds require to be kept slightly moist over Winter if not sown in Fall; on the other hand, catalpa and some others may be kept quite dry until Spring comes.

Junipers, hollies and a few similar seeds remain a full year before sprouting. It is just as well, therefore, to keep them in a box of soil until the next Autumn, then sow them.

If the planting is done in the Fall it is better to mulch the ground with straw, leaves, or any like material; this will prevent baking of the soil after the Spring rains, and keep it in a nice mellow condition. The mulching should be removed in the Spring, or, at least so much that it will not interfere with the growth of the young seedlings.

The seed of evergreens is always found in cones, with the exception of the juniper and yew, which produce small berries; hence, the general name applied to evergreens of coniferae, or cone-bearing.

The soil most suitable for raising conifers is a light sandy loam, rich in vegetable matter, but entirely free from rank manures. The soil should be deeply spaded and thoroughly pulverized. Then lay off in beds four feet wide, and any desirable length, with paths of one foot between. The beds should be higher in the middle, the sides being but little higher than the paths. The seed is usually sown broadcast and then carefully and lightly raked in; but some prefer sowing in drills a few inches apart, then rolling, or pressing with back of the spade, and sifting over them a very light covering of oneeighth to one-quarter of an inch of soil. The ground should be prepared the Fall before, and the seed put in at the earliest possible moment in the Spring. Most failures in growing evergreen seedlings arise from not having the seed beds partially shaded. If hot sunshine falls on them while the seeds are swelling, and cold follows, a large proportion will rot before they appear above the ground. seedlings are raised extensively artificial arbors are made high enough to work under. When the growing is done on a less extensive scale, stakes are driven at convenient distances along the sides of the beds to which boards six inches wide are nailed, to support screens for shading the young seedlings. The lower edge of these boards should be but four or five inches above the surface of the

ground, to allow the air to circulate freely over the beds. Lath

screens are very satisfactory.

The germination of evergreen seeds often requires from thirty to sixty days, they being slower in swelling and bursting their coats than many other seeds. Sometimes they will lay dormant one season and come up nicely the next; hence if they fail to grow the first year it is well to examine the seed, and, if it remains plump, with fresh-looking kernels, keep the beds weeded for the next season.

The critical period for the young evergreen seedlings extends over six or eight weeks from the time they make their first appearance, or, until they form their secondary leaves. They are extremely sensitive to external influences, a little excess of drought, heat, or moisture proving ruinous, rotting the stem off at the surface of the ground.

Rainy, hot weather, or a warm rain saturating the beds after they have become very dry, will often cause them to damp off by thousands. The destruction may often be arrested by sifting dry sand over the bed.

In the Fall the young seedlings should be covered with leaves, straw, or marsh-hay, which will prevent them from being drawn out by the frequent thawing and freezing.

Evergreens

		of	antities 10 lbs. nd over
	Per oz.	Per Ib.	
Abies (Picea) amabilis, California Fir	\$.50	\$4.75	\$4.50
" balsamea, Balsam Fir	.35	2.50	2.25
" " brachyphylla	.35	2.65	2.15
" concolor, California Silver Fir	.35	2.50	2.25
" concolor, Colorado Silver Fir	.25	1.85	1.65
" " firma, Japanese	.25	1.85	1.65
" " Fraseri, Double Balsam	.45	4.00	3.65
" grandis, Pacific Coast Fir	.40	3.75	3.50
" " magnifica	.35	2.65	2.50
" " nobilis	.45	4.00	3.75
" Nordmanniana, Nordman Fir	.35	2.85	2.65
" pectinata, European Silver Fir	.20	1.25	1.00
" "Veitchii	.40	3.25	2.90
Araucaria excelsa	.35	2.50	2.25
Berberis Aquifolium (Mahonia) Clean Seed	.35	2.35	2.15
" Japonica	.35	2.50	2.25
Buxus sempervirens, Box	.25	1.50	1.35
Cedrus Atlantica, Mt. Atlas Cedar	.35	2.40	2.15
" Deodora, Deodar Cedar	.35	2.40	2.10
" Libanni Cedar Lebanon	.35	2.25	2.10
Cinnamomum Camphor, Camphor tree	.20	.85	.70
Crataegus Pyracantha, Evergreen Thorn		1.25	1.00
Cryptomeria Japonica, Japanese Cedar	.35	1.50	1.25
Cupressus Arizonica	.35	2.50	2.25
" Benthamiana	.35	2.35	2.75
" Goveniana	.40	3.00	2.75
" Lawsoniana	.35	2.50	2.25
" Macrocarpa, Monterey Cypress		2.25	2.00
" sempervirens		1.25	1.00

Evergreens-Continued

		of	ntities 10 lbs. id over
	Per oz.	Per ib.	
Eucalyptus Corynoclyx	85	8.00	
" globulus		7.50	
" Gunnii		10.00	
" leucoxlyn	75	7.50	
" resinifera	75	6.00	
" robusta	65	5.75	
" rostrata		5.25	
" viminalis	75	7.50	
Ilex Aquifolium, English Holly		1.25	1.00
" Crenata Japanese Holly		2.10	2.00
Opaca American Hony		.75	.60
Siepolai		3.00	2.75
Juniperus Chinensis, Chinese Juniper		2.50	2.35
California		2.50	2.25
communis, Common "		1.25	1.00
" occidentalis, Western "		1.60	1.50
" prostrata		1.50	1.25
Sabina Berries	• •	1.50	1.35
Scopulorum		1.50	1.25
" Virginiana Red Cedar		.75	.50 .85
Northern type		$\frac{1.00}{7.00}$.89
Kalmia angustifolia, Laurel		$\frac{7.00}{6.00}$	
" Latifolia Sheep Laurel		1.00	.90
Laurus nobilis, Sweet Bay		$\frac{1.00}{2.25}$	2.00
Libocedrus decurrens		$\frac{2.25}{1.75}$	1.60
Photinia arbutifolia		1.35	1.25
Picea (Abies) alba White Spruce	50	4.50	$\frac{1.25}{4.25}$
" " Alcoquiana, Japanese "	40	3.50	3.25
" canadensis, Black Hill Spruce		5.25	5.10
" Engelmanni	40	3.50	3.25
" excelsa, Norway "		1.65	1.50
" " nigra Black (Doubtful) "	0.0	5.50	
" " Orientalis, Oriental "	50	5.00	
" pungens, Colorado Blue "	50	3.75	3.50
" " polita	50	4.00	
" rubra, Red (Doubtful) "	60	5.50	
" Sitchensis (Menziesii)	50	4.25	3.85
Pinus aristata		4.75	4.50
" Austriaca, Austrian Pine		1.75	1.50
" Banksiana, Jack Pine		3.00	2.65
" Cembra, Swiss Stone Pine		1.50	1.25
" Canariensis		2.65	2.40
" Caribaea (P. Cubensis) Slash Pine	.50	4.50	4.25
Contorta		5.25	5.00
Counter Big Cone Pine		4.00	3.75
densinora		1.50	1.25
Eualis, Pinyon Pine		1.25	$\frac{1.10}{2.50}$
" Excelsa Himalayan Pine	35	2.65	2.50

Evergreens-Continued

Evergreens—Continued			
•		Qu	antities
			f 10 lbs.
	Par oz	Per lb.	nd over
Pinus flexilis, Colorado Pine	40	3.65	3.50
" Insignis, Monterey		3.25	2.75
" Jeffreyi		2.50	$\frac{2.15}{2.25}$
		$\frac{2.50}{1.60}$	
Rotatelists			1.35
Lambertiana,		1.50	1.35
Laricio		3.00	2.75
" Mitis (echinata)		5.00	4.85
" Monophylla, Single Leaf Pine		4.00	3.85
" monticola, Pacific Coast White Pine	50	5.00	4.75
" mughus, Dwarf Mountain Pine	35	2.65	2.40
" muricata		5.00	4.75
" Murryana, Lodgepole		6.00	5.75
" palustris, Yellow Broom 100 lbs @ 2.50			
per lb	40	3.00	2.65
" Parryana, Mexican Pinyon (Doubtful)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.00	2.00
	20	1.00	.75
" Pinea Wooded		$\frac{1.00}{2.75}$	2.50
ponderosa, Heavy wooded	59		1.90
(From Colorado) (scopulorum).		2.25	1.90
resmosa Red Norway Pine, very scarce.		20.00	
" rigida, Pitch Pine	60	6.00	
" Sabiniana		1.50	1.25
" Strobus, White Pine 100 lbs. @ \$1.90 per	lb35	2.35	2.10
" Sylvestris, Scotch Pine 50 lbs. @ \$1.35			
per lb	25	1.75	1.50
" Taeda, Loblolly Pine	50	4.50	4.00
" Tanyosho, Table Pine	75	6.75	
"- Thunbergii		1.50	1.35
"Torreyana, (crop doubtful)			
Prinos glaber, Ink Berry	20	1.25	1.10
		3.25	3.00
Pseudotsuga Douglassii, Douglas Spruce green.	40	5.49	5.00
50 lbs. @ 2.80 per lb	1 - 40	9.00	0.75
" Douglassii, Douglas Spruce Colora		3.00	2.75
Retinispora obtusa		2.35	2.00
" pisifera		2.25	2.00
Rhododendron Catawbiense, Mountain Laurel .	60	5.00	
" maximum " "		5.25	
Sciadopitys verticillata, Umbrella Pine	40	3.25	3.10
Sequoia Gigantea	75	6.00	5.50
" Sempervirens, California Red Wood	40	3.25	3.00
Taxus baccata, English Yew		2.15	1.90
" Cuspidata		2.50	2.25
" brevifolia, California Yew		10.00	
Thuya Gigantea, Western Arbor-vitae		4.25	4.00
" Occidentalia American "	35	2.65	2.40
" Occidentalia, American " " Orientalis Chinese "	20	1.50	1.25
" Aurea, Chinese Golden Tsuga (Abies) Canadensis, Hemlock Spruce	35	2.50	$\frac{2.25}{4.25}$
" Montangiana Wastern "		4.50	4.25
" Mertensiana, Western " " Sieboldi, Japanese "		10.00	0.75
" Sieboldi, Japanese "	50	4.00	3.75
Ulex Europaea, Furze	25	2.00	1.85
Yucca filamentosa, Adam's Needle	25	2.00	1.75
Where seeds are to go by mail, add Parcel Post rat	es in U.	S. A.	Foreign
Countries 12 cts. per pound. Sacks charge	d additi	ionally.	

7

Deciduous Trees and Shrubs

			01	antities 10 lb
	* Pe	r oz.	Per lb.	nd over
		\$.15	\$.75	\$.50
	" dasycarpum, Silver (Ready in May only)	.15	.75	.60
	" Ginnale	.35	2.50	.00
	" Japonica	.30	2.25	2.10
	" macrophyllum, Oregon Maple	.20	1.50	1.25
	" Palmatum	.35	2.85	2.65
	" plantanoides, Norway "	.20	.85	.70
	" Polymorphum Atropurpureum blood leaf	1.25	12.00	11.25
	" Pennsylvanicum	.20	1.50	1.35
	" rubrum, Red Maple (Ready in May only)	.20	1.50	1.25
	" saecharum Sugar Maple	.20	1.00	.80
	" spicatum, Mountain "	.30	2.00	1.75
	" striatum	.30	2.00	1.75
	Aesculus Hippocastanum	.15	.50	.40
	Ailanthus glandulosa, Tree of Heaven	.15	.65	.50
	Amorpha canescens	.15	1.50	1.25
•	" fruticosa, Indigo Shrub	.15	.65	.50
	Aralia Spinosa, Angelica Tree Clean Seed	.25	2.25	2.00
	Asimina triloba, Pawpaw	.15	$\frac{1.00}{1.85}$	$\frac{.80}{1.75}$
	Aucuba Japonica	.20	$\frac{1.85}{5.00}$	1.75
	Zalea Calendulacea, Clean Seed Mollis, " "	1.00	10.00	
	" Mollis, " "	.60	5.00	
	" Viscosa " "	.60	5.00	
	Berberis Thunbergii, Japanese Barberry berries	.20	1.50	1.25
	" " Clean Seed	.50	5.00	4.75
	" vulgaris, Common Barberry	.20	1.50	1.25
	" Purpurea	.25	2.00	1.75
	Betula alba, European White Birch	.20	1.00	.85
	" " " re-cleaned	.35	2.50	2.25
	" Lutea Yellow "	.25	1.50	1.25
		.25	1.50	1.25
	" Papyracea, Paper "	.25	1.75	1.60
	"Rubra, Red (Ready in July only	.30	2.00	
	Calycanthus floridus laevigatus, Sweet Shrub	.20	1.00	.85
	Caragana arborescens, Siberian Pea	.30	2.50	1 10
	Carpinus Americana, Hornbeam, Clean Seed	.15	1.25 .85	$1.10 \\ .65$
	2004440, 24.00041-	.15	.25	.18
	Carya Alba, Shelbark Hickory 50 lbs. at .14 per lb. "Amara, Bitternut 50 lbs. at .14 per lb	.10	.25	.18
	" Ovaliformis, Pecan nut 50 lbs35 per lb.		.50	40
	" Porcina, Pignut Hickory 50 lbs12 per lb.		.25	.17
	"Sulcata Western Shelbark 50 lbs .14 per lb.		.25	.20
	"Tomentosa, White50 lbs12 per lb.		.25	.17
	Castanea Americana	.10	.50	.40
	Catalpa speciosa, Western Catalpa. This is			0
	the true forest tree, specie guaran-			
	teed true to name	.15	1.50	1.25
	Ceanothus Americanus, Clean Seed	.50	4.50	4.25

Deciduous Trees and Shrubs-Continued

			antities
			f 10 lbs. nd over
	Per oz.	Per lb.	
Celtis occidentalis, Nettle Tree	.15	1.25	1.00
Cephalanthus Occidentalis	.15	.85	.60
Cercidiphyllus Japonicum	.75	6.50	6.25
Cercis Canadensis, Judas Tree	.20	1.35	1.10
" Japonica		10.00	
Chionanthus Virginica, White Fringe	0.0	1.75	1.50
Citrus trifoliata, Hardy Orange	.25	1.65	1.50
Clethra alnifolia, Sweet Pepper Bush	.20	1.50	1.25
Colutea arborescens	.20	1.25	1.00
Cornus alternifolia, Blue-berried Dogwood	.20	1.35	1.10
" Florida, Large White Dogwood berries		.45	.30
" Kousa	.30	2.25	2.00
" Mas	.15	1.00	.85
" Nuttalli, Pacific Coast Dogwood	.20	1.60	1.40
" Paniculata	.20	1.25	1.00
" Sanguineum	20	1.35	1.10
" Siberica	.20	1.25	1.00
Corylus Americana, Hazel Nut	.15	.65	.50
Crataegus coccin€a, White Thorn, berries	.10	.65	.50
" cordata, Washington " "" " crus-galli. Cockspur " "	.15	1.10	1.00
		.60	.40
" Oxycanthus, English Thorn, Clean Seed	1 .10	.75	.55
Cydonia Japonica, Clean Seed	.40	3.25	3.00
Cytissus Scoparius, Scotch Broom	20	1.50	1.40
Diospyrus Virginiana, Persimmon, Clean Seed	.10	.65	.50
Eleagnus angustifolia	.15	1.15	.90
" longipes	.20	1.50	1.35
" umbellatus	25	1.90	1.75
Euonymus Alatus	.30	2.35	2.20
Euonymus Americanus, Burning Bush		1.50	1.25
" Atropurpureus	.20	1.50	1.40
" Europeus		1.25	1.00
Exochorda grandiflora		3.25	3.00
Fagus ferruginea, American Beech		1.00	.75
" sylvatica, European "		1.00	.80
purpurea, Blood-leaved		2.75	
Fraxinus Americana, White Ash		.85	.60
" excelsior, European "		.65	.50
Oregona		2.00	1.75
Offices, Flowering		.85	.65
sambuenona, black		2.00	1.85
viriuis, Green		.60	.50
Genista tinctoria	.15	1.35	1.20
Gleditschia Triocanthus, Honey Locust	.10	.60	.40
Gymnocladus Canadensis, Kentucky Coffee	.10	.85	.65
Halesia tetraptera, Snowdrop Tree	. 10	.85	.70
Hamamelis Virginica, Witch Hazel		1.50	1.25
Hibiscus Syroacus, Althaea Clean Seed		1.25	1.00
Hippophaea rhamnoides, Sea Buckthorn	.20	1.35	1.10

Deciduous Trees and Shrubs-Continued

		Qua	ntities 10 lbs.
TO TO		aı	nd over
Hydrangea arborescens	er oz.	Per 1b. 3.25	Per 15
Ilex decidua	.15	$\frac{3.23}{1.00}$	0.0
Juglans Cinera, Butternut 50 lbs. @ .09 per lb.	.19	.20	.90 .15
" California	.10	.60	.50
" Nigra, Black Walnut 50 lbs. @ .08 per lb.	.10	.20	.15
	10		.15
riegia English walnut 50 lbs. @ .55 per ib.	.10	.50	
Koelteuteria Paniculata, Varnish Tree	.15	1.15	1.00
Larix Europaea, European Larch	.25	2.00	1.75
Leptotepsis, Japanese	.45	4.00	3.85
Occidentalis, western	.50	4.50	4.25
Laburnum vulgare	10	.85	.70
Lindera Benzoin, Spice Bush	.10	.90	.75
Ligustrum Ibota	.10	.50	.40
" vulgare	.10	.75	.60
Liquidambar styraciflua, Sweet Gum	.40	3.00	2.75
Liriodendron tulipifera, Tulip Tree	.15	.85	.70
Lonicera Tartarica	.35	3.00	
Maclura aurantiaca, Osage Orange	.10	1.00	.75
Magnolia acuminata	.15	1.65	1.45
" glauca, Sweet Bay	.25	2.00	1.85
" grandiflora, Evergreen	.25	1.75	1.60
" tripetela	.15	1.60	1.35
Morus alba, White Mulberry	.30	2.25	2.00
" tatarica, Russian "	.35	3.00	2.75
Myrica cerifera, Wax Myrtle	.15	1.15	.95
Negundo Aceroides, Ash-leaved Maple	.10	.65	.45
Nandina Domestica	.30	2.75	2.60
Nyssa aquatica, Sour Gum	.10	.85	.75
" multiflora " "	.15	1.00	.80
" uniflora, Tupelo, Sour Gum	.15	1.10	.90
Oxydendrum arboreum (Andromeda) Clean	.40	3.00	
Paeonia, moutan	$1.00 \\ .15$	$7.50 \\ 1.50$	1.25
Paulowina imperialis, Empress Tree Platanus occidentalis, American Plane	.10	.75	.65
" Orientalis, Oriental	.10	.75	.60
Prinos verticillatus, Deciduous Holly	.15	1.00	.90
Prunus serotina, Clean Stones	.10	.50	.30
Ptelea trifoliata, Hop Tree	.10	175 2.00	$\frac{.60}{1.75}$
Puraga Americana American Manufain Ach	.25		1.75
Pyrus Americana, American Mountain Ash "Aucunaria, European " " "	.15	1.25	
a-aparta,a-opoati	.10	.85	.65
" arbutifolia	.15	.85	.65

Deciduous Trees and Shrubs-Continued

		of	ntities 10 lbs.
Pe	r oz.	Per lb. 1	d over
Quercus Coccinea, Scarlet Oak 50 lbs. @ .18		.25	.20
" Falcata, Spanish Oak		.30	.25
" Imbricaria, Laurel Oak		.35	.30
" Lyrata		.30	.20
" Michauxii50 lbs. @ .17 per lb		.25	.20
" Macrocarpa, Bur Oak 50 lbs. @ .15		.25	.20
" Nigra, Black Jack "		.30	.25
" Palustris, Pin " 50 lbs. @ .20		.30	.25
" Phellos, Willow "		.30	.25
" Rubra, Red " 50 lbs. @ .15		.25	.20
"Tinctoria, Black " 50 lbs. @ .16		.25	.20
Rhamnus Cathartica, Buckthorn	.15	1.60	1.35
" Purchiana Cascara Segrada	.30	2.25	2.00
Rhodotyphus, Kerroides	.20	1.50	1.35
Rhus aromatica	.20	1.50	1.25
" copallina, Shining Sumach	.10	.75	.50
" Cotinus, Mist Bush	.35	2.75	2.50
" glabra, Smooth Sumach	.10	.50	.40
" typhina, Stag's Horn Sumach	.10	.50	.40
Ribes sanguineum, Flowering Currant	.40	3.75	3.50
Robinia Pseudoacacia, Yellow or Black Lucust	.10	.60	.40
Rosa blanda	.10	.85	.70
" Canina	.10	.90	.75
" Carolina	.10	1.00	.80
" humilis	.10	.85	.70
" lucida	.10	1.00	.85
" Multiflora Japonica	.25	2.00	1.75
" rubiginosa	.15	1.00	.85
" rugosa, Clean Seed	.15	1.35	1.15
" setigera, Berries, Wild Rose	.10	1.00	.85
Salisburia adiantifolia, Ginkgo	.10	.85	.75
Sambucus Canadensis, Elder, Clean Seed	.30	2.50	
Sassafras officinale	.15	1.00	.85
Sophora Japonica, Pagoda Tree	.15	1.25	1.10
Spiraea Opulifolia. Clean Seed	.30	2.50	2.25
Syringa, Japonica	.50	4.50	4.25
" vulgaris, Common Lilac, Pods	.20	1.75	1.60
" " Clean Seed	.40	3.25	3.00
Taxodium distichum, Deciduous Cypress	.15	1.15	.95
Tilia Americana, American Linden	.20	1.10	.90
" Europae, European "	.15	.85	.70
Ulmus Americana, American Elm (In Mayonly)	.15	1.00	.90
Ulmus Campestris	.15	1.00	.85
Viburnum acerifolium	.10	.50	.40
" cassinoides	.10	1.10	.90
" dentatum	.15	1.00	.80
" Lantana	.15	$\frac{1.00}{1.25}$	1.10
" Lentago	.15	1.00	.80
" Oxycoccos, Berries	.15	.90	.75
" prunifolium, "	.15	.80	.60
P. 4		.00	.00

Vines and Climbers

		0	antities f 10 lbs.	
	Per oz	Per 1b.	nd over Per 1h	
Akebia, Quinata		2.25	2.00	
Ampelopsis Englemanni, Berries		1.75		
Ampelopisis Veitchii, Clean seed		2.50	2.25	
" Japan Creeper Berries		1.25	1.15	
" Virginica, Virginia "		1.75	1.60	
, ,		4.25	4.00	
Aristolochia Sipho		2.25	2.00	
Celastrus Scandens, Staff Vine Clean Seed				
Clematis flammula, Sweet Clematis		1.75	1.50	
" paniculata, Japanese Clematis		2.25	2.00	
" Virginiana	.40	3.00		
" Vitalba, English Clematus	.20	1.00	.90	
Hedera Helix, Ivy	.15	.85	.65	
Tecoma radicans, Trumpet Vine	.25	2.25	2.00	
Wistaria multijuga	.40	3.00	2.75	
" sinensis, Blue	.25	1.75	1.65	
" " White		2.50	2.25	
William Control of the Control of th	•			
Fruits				
Apple French Crab	.15	1.00	.90	
Cherry Mahaleb, clean stones		1.25	1.00	
Mazzard Cherry		1.00		
Myrobolan Plum		1.00	.85	
Peach Pits Natural\$6.00 per bu		.25	.20	
French Pear		$\frac{2.75}{4.50}$	2.50	
Japan Pear. Pyrus Serotina		$\frac{4.50}{3.75}$	$\frac{4.25}{3.50}$	
Pyrus Usseriensis	.40	$\frac{3.15}{4.25}$	$\frac{3.50}{4.00}$	
Pear Kieffer	.30	2.75	2.50	

WHERE LARGE QUANTITIES OF SEEDS ARE WANTED I WILL BE PLEASED TO QUOTE SPECIAL PRICES ON RECEIPT OF YOUR LIST OF WANTS.

THOMAS J. LANE

Seedsman

Dresher, Pa., U.S.A.